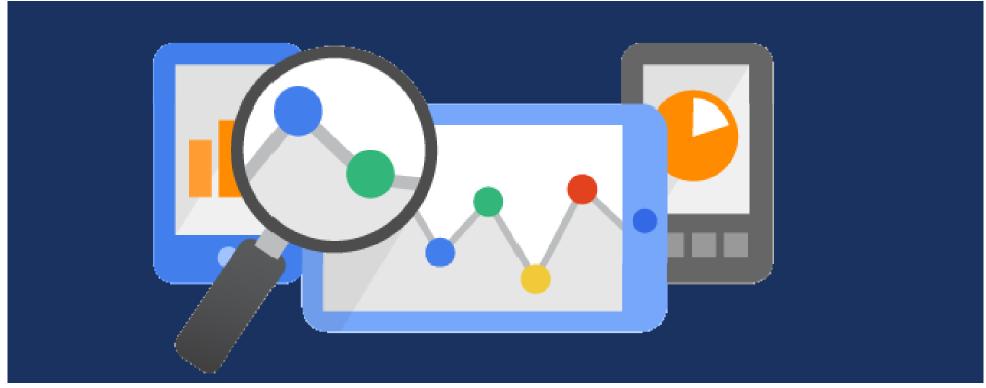
2016-2017 QUARTER 4 ACADEMIC PROGRESS REPORT PRESENTATION TO THE BOE SEPTEMBER 20, 2017

SCHENECTADY CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT





Schools Est. 1854

OUTLINE OF PRESENTATION

Sı	ımmary	
	Reading Achievement ELA Achievement NYS ELA 3-8 Achievement NYS Common Core ELA Regents Achievement Math Achievement NYS Math 3-8 Achievement NYS Common Core Math Regents Achievement NYS Common Core Math Regents Achievement NYS Science 4 th and 8 th Grade Achievement	Non-Academic Data: • Student Behavior • Student Attendance
•	NYS Additional Achievement Report Card Achievement	• Teacher
•	Additional Academic	Attendance
•	Graduation Rate	
•	Summer School	



Reading Achievement

2016-17 Fall to Spring Average Benchmark Score Comparison AIMS Web Reading/Literacy Grades 2-6



MLK

PAIGE

PLVY

VC

WDLN

YATES

ZOLLER

CPNK(6)

MTPL(6) ONDA(6)

HAMILTON HOWE

KEANE

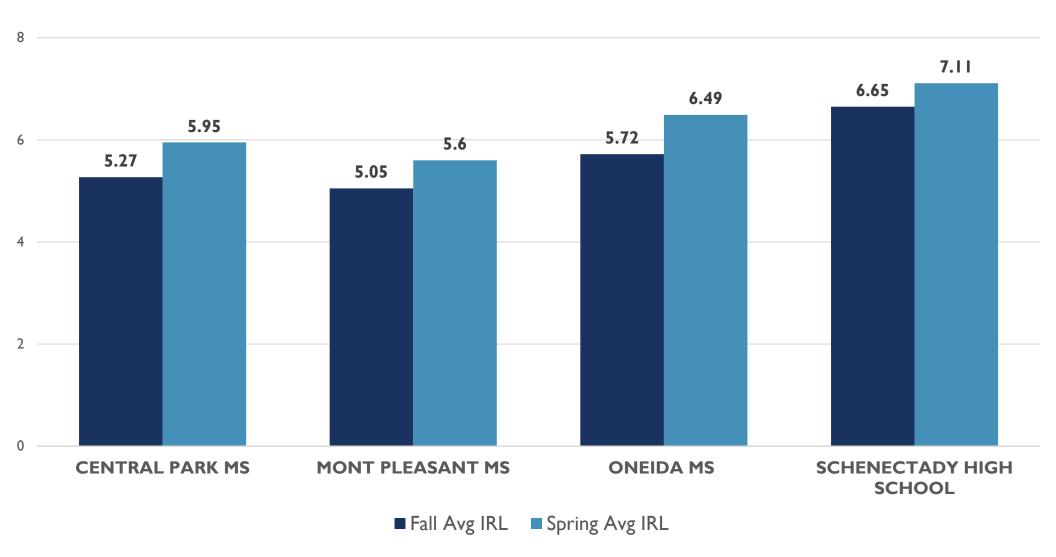
LINCOLN

Average Instructional Reading Level*

*based on STAR Reading National Norms

12 347 1180 The testing 315 356 The testing Total administration for Tested administration for CENTRAL PARK MONT ONEIDA MS **SCHENECTADY** the Fall runs from the Spring runs from MS 7-8) (7-8)**PLEASANT MS** HIGH SCHOOL Sept through Nov Apr through Jun (7-8)

10





ELA Achievement

206

LINCOLN

192

KEANE

Total Tested

263

HAMILTON

203

HOWE

329

MLK

306

PAIGE

182

PLEASANT

VALLEY

196

VAN

CORLAER

207

WOODLAWN

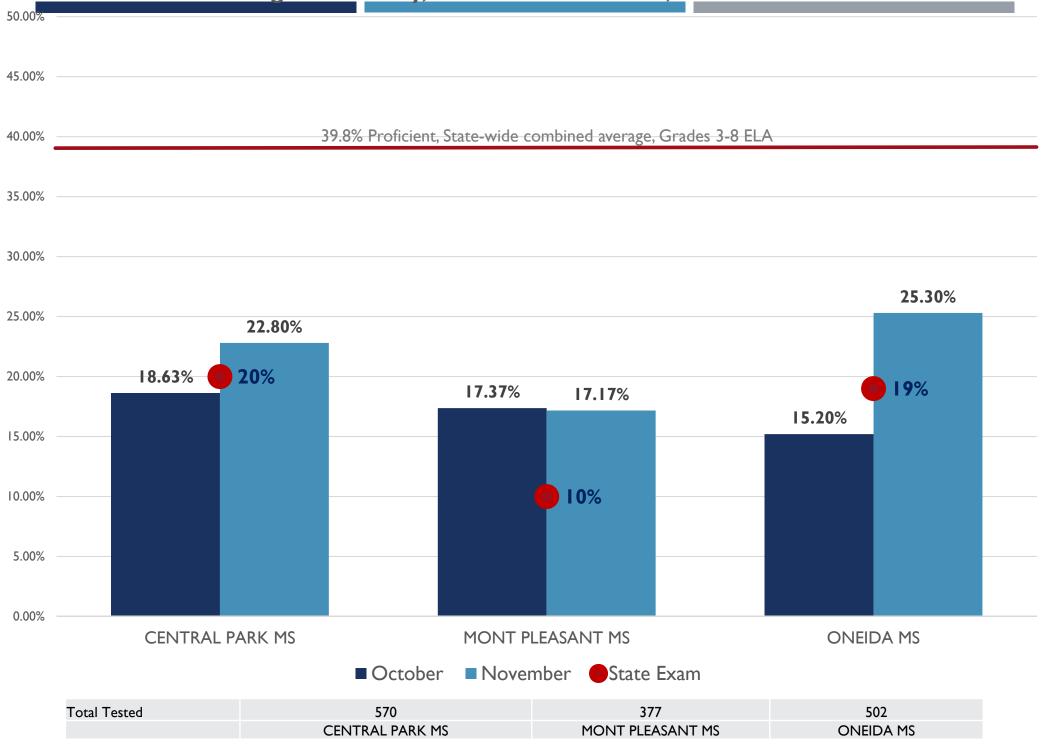
231

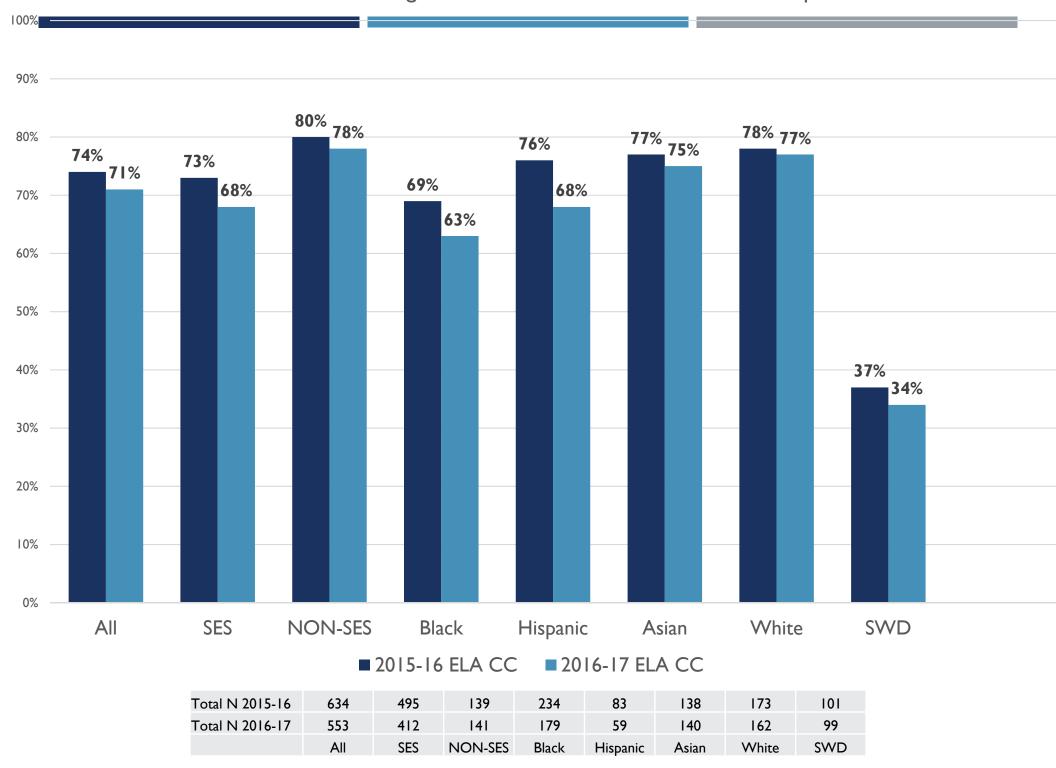
ZOLLER

209

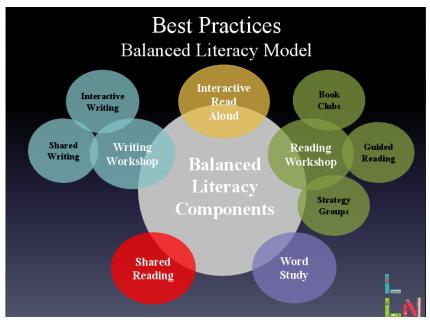
YATES

ELA Interims - October to February Comparison to NYS Exams Average Proficiency, Interims - Grades 6-8, NYS Exams 6-8





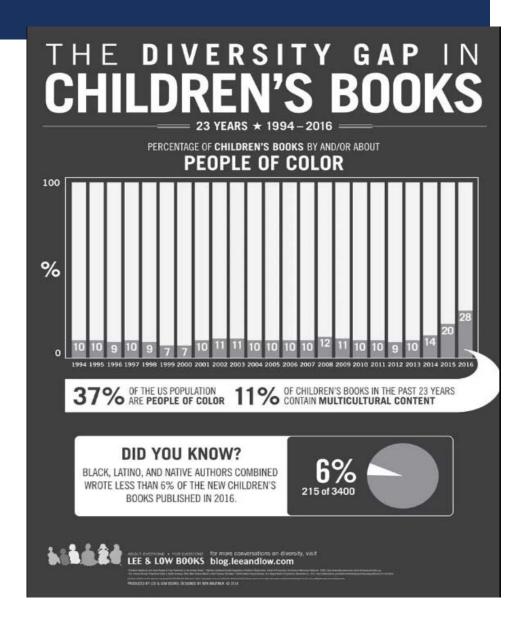
LITERACY WORK K-8



208 Teachers and Administrators Attended the Summer Literacy Institute 2017!







ELA ACHIEVEMENT

Craft and Structure: meaning of words, part to whole of stories, POV/perspective taking

Integration of Knowledge and Ideas: mood/tone, claims supported with reasons and evidence, text features, and intertextuality

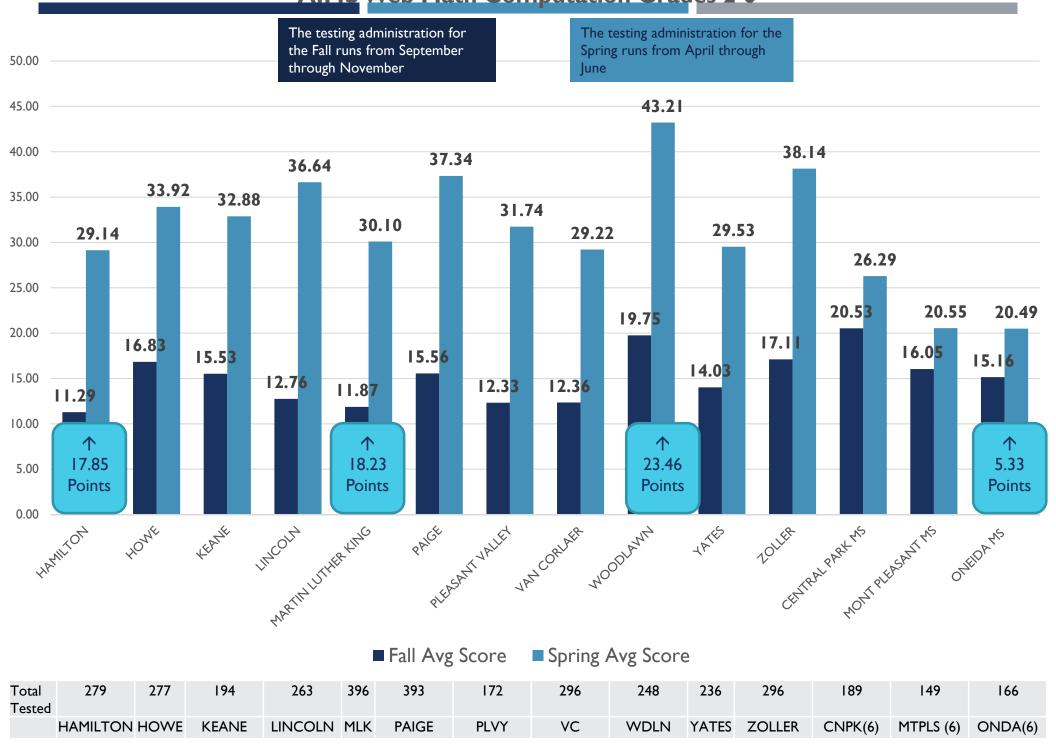
Text Ranges: 1215-1355

Lexile	Grade Level AR	Fountas & Pinnell	Reading 3d Level	Reading Stage					
675	3.9	Р	Р	Transitional Reader					
700	4.1	Q	Q						
725	4.3	Q	Q						
750	4.5	R	R						
775	4.7	S	S						
800	5.0	S	S						
825	5.2	S	S						
850	5.5	T	Т						
875	5.8	U	U						
900	6.0	V		Fluent					
925	6.4	V		Reader					
950	6.7	W							
975	7.0	W							
1000	7.4	X							
1025	7.8	Y							
1050	8.2	Z							
1075	8.6	Z							
1100	9.0								
1125	9.5	Z+							
1150	10.0								
1175	10.5								
1200	11.0								
1225	11.6								
1250	12.2	College and Career Ready							
1275	12.8								
1300	13.5								

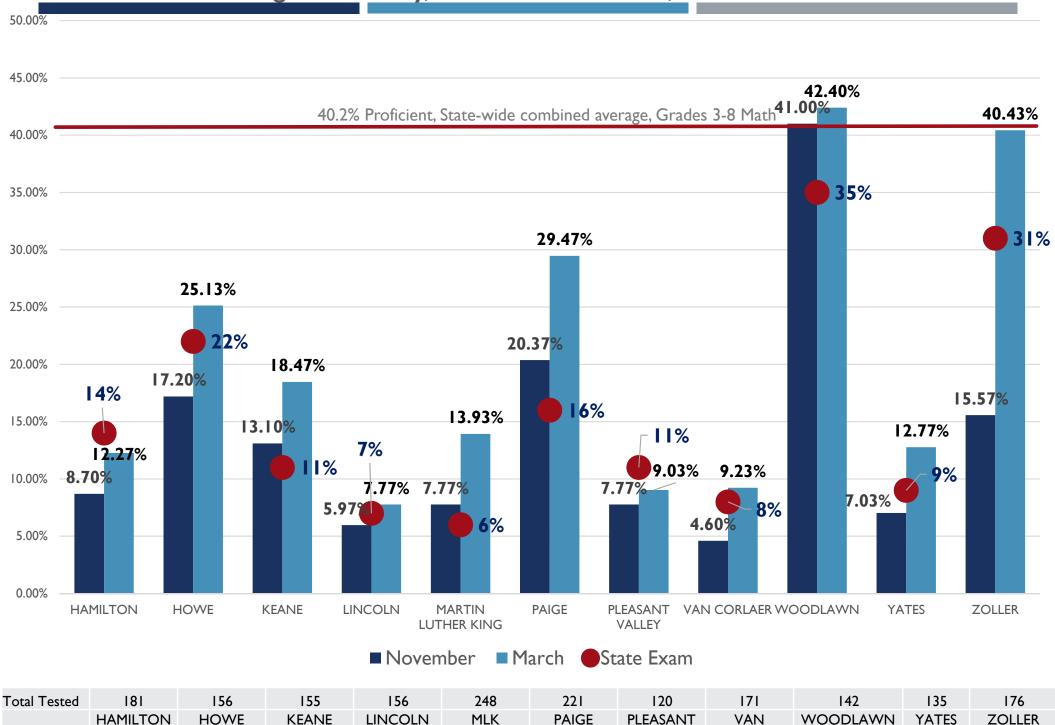


Mathematics Achievement

2016-17 Fall to Spring Average Benchmark Score Comparison AIMS Web Math Computation Grades 2-6



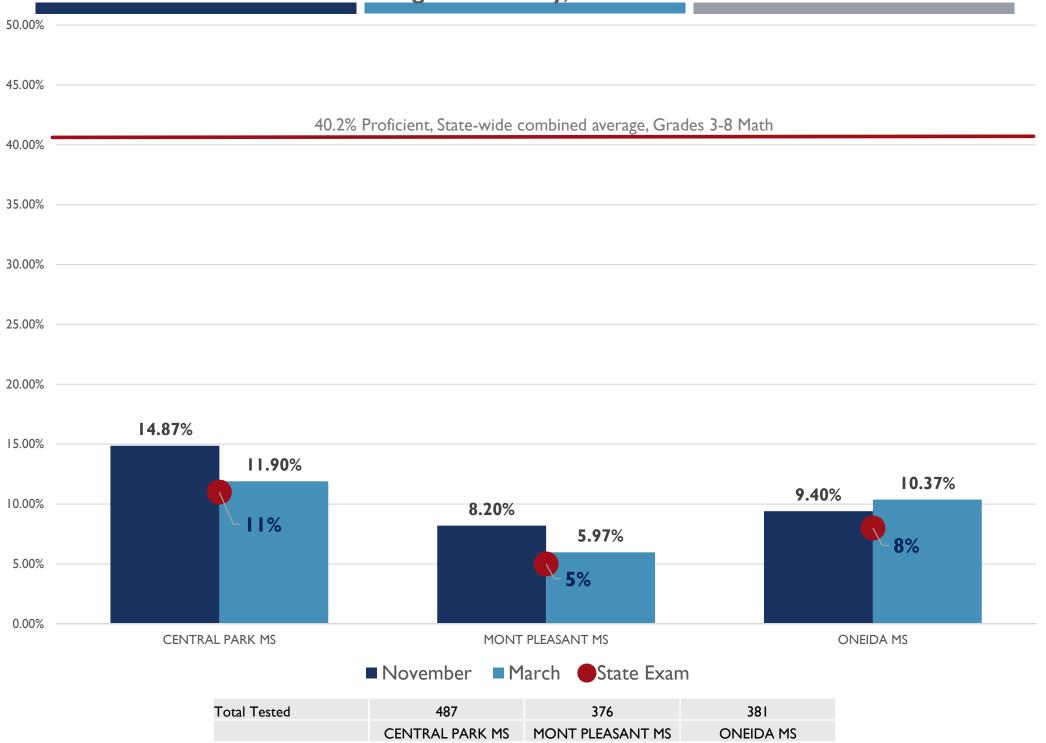
Math Interims - November to March Comparison to NYS Exams Average Proficiency, Interims - Grades 2-5, NYS Exams 3-5

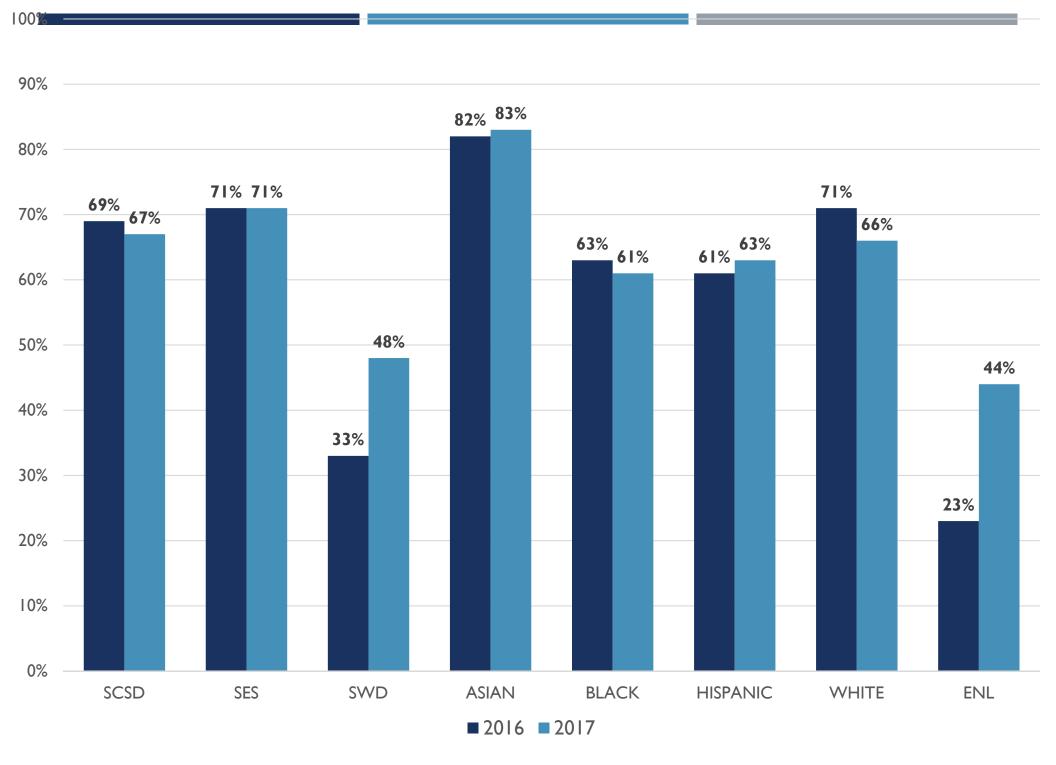


CORLAER

VALLEY

Math Interims - November to March Comparison to NYS Exams Average Proficiency, Grades 6-8

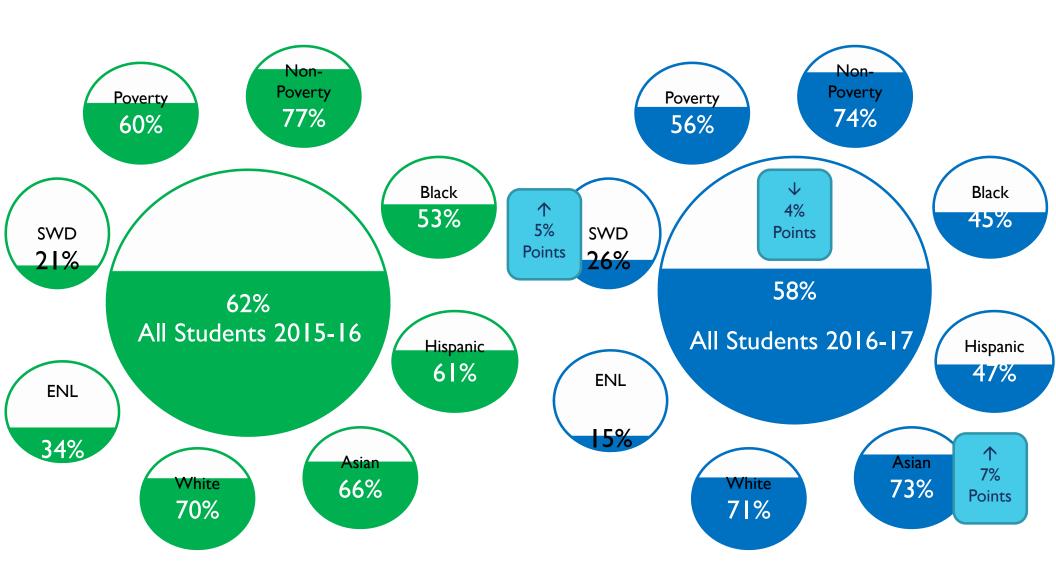




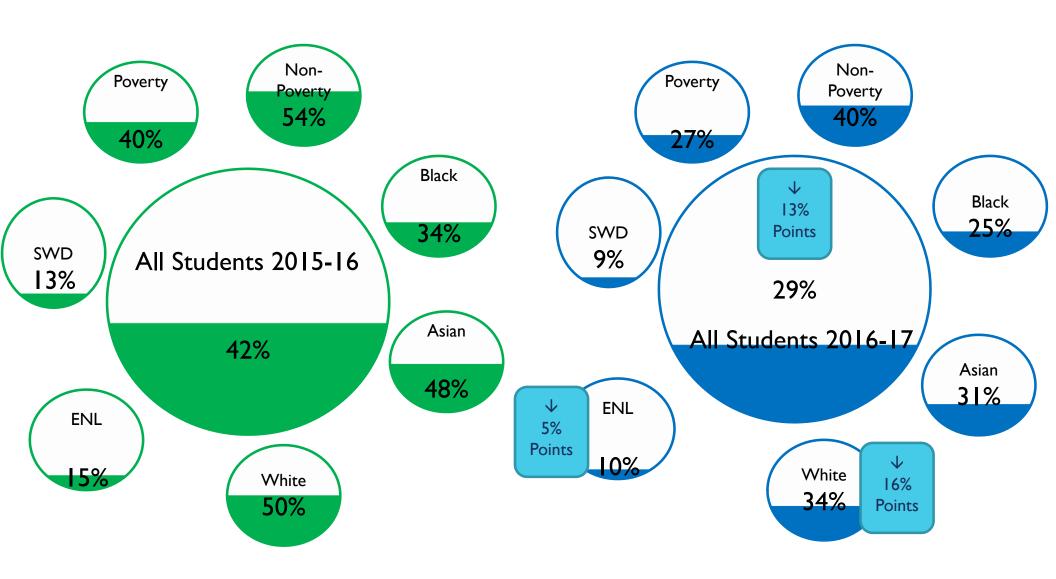




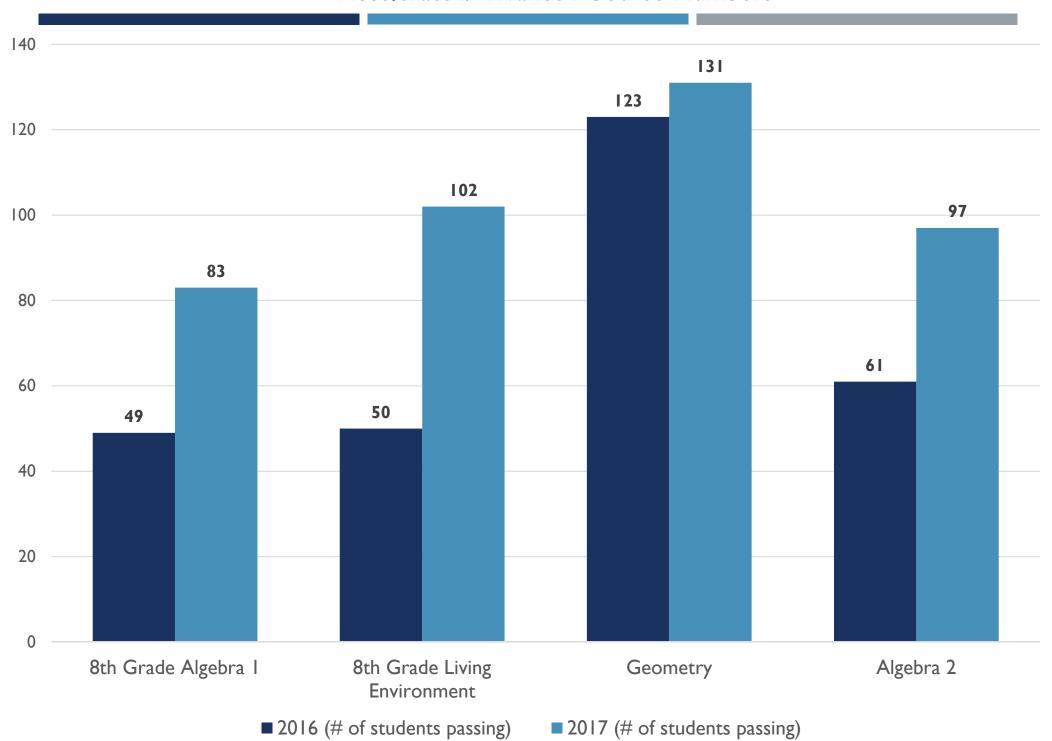
NYS Science Achievement

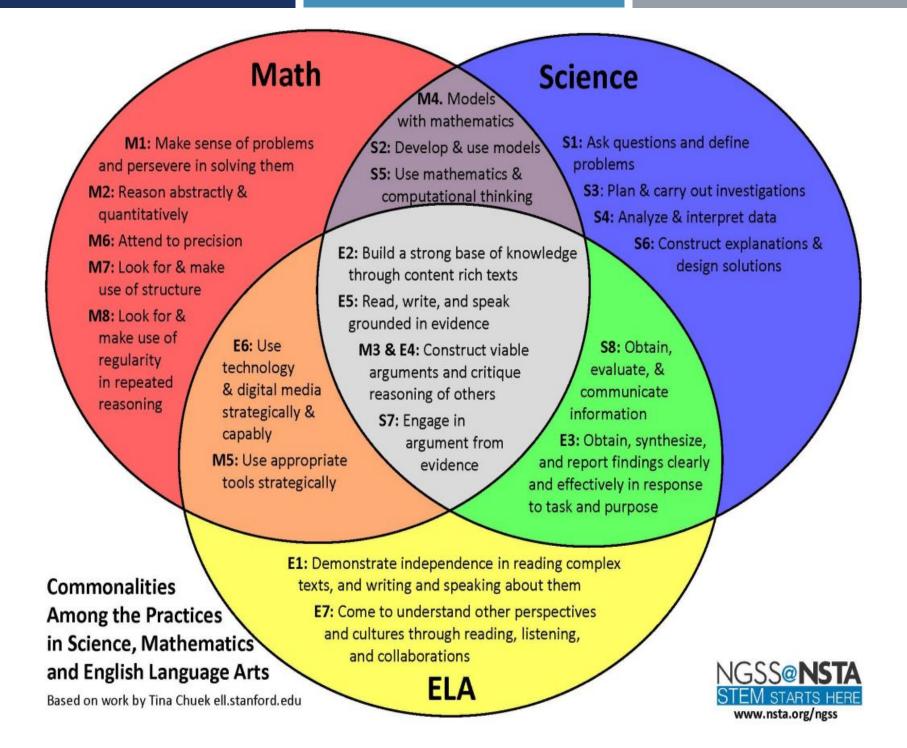


	All	Poverty	Non-Poverty	Black	Hispanic	Asian	White	ENL	SWD
Total Tested 2015-16	698	602	96	216	143	115	190	35	108
Total Tested 2016-17	692	593	100	203	152	122	156	41	117



	All	SES	Non-Poverty	Black	Asian	White	ENL	SWD
Total Tested 2015-16	486	412	74	182	98	128	13	98
Total Tested 2016-17	428	366	62	139	87	106	29	102

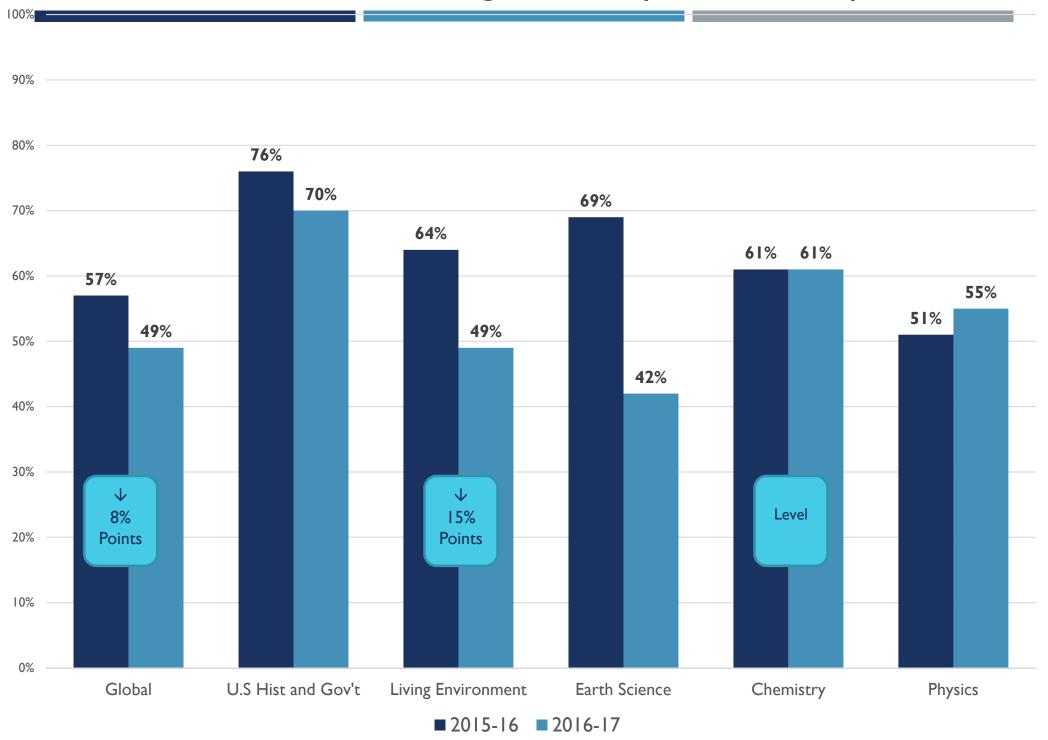




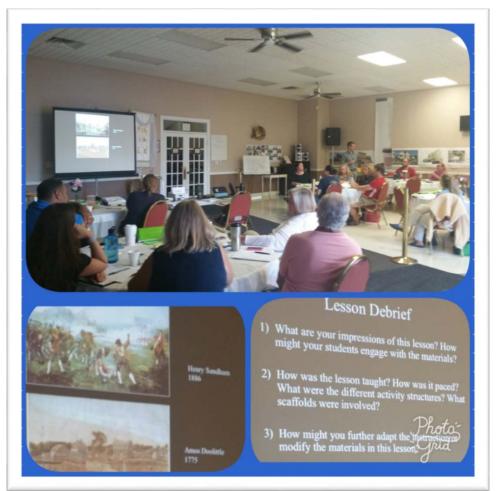


NYS Additional Regents Exam Data

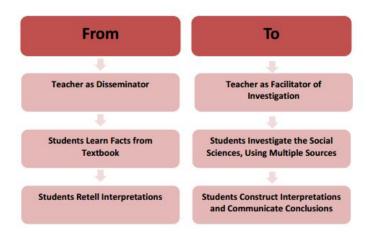
NYS Additional Regents Summary Year to Year Comparison



Social Studies Action Plans



Shift #2: Foster Student Inquiry, Collaboration, and Informed Action



Shift #3: Integrate Content and Skills Purposefully

FROM A Social Studies Classroom Where	TO A Social Studies Classroom Where
Students experience an additional nonfiction reading class or textbook- focused instruction.	Students learn to read, discuss, and write like social scientists.
Students develop literacy skills and social studies practices separately.	Students develop disciplinary literacy skills and social science practices in tandem.
Students learn content knowledge.	Students integrate and apply concepts, skills, and content knowledge.

HISTORICAL THINKING CHART

Historical Reading Skills	Questions	Students should be able to	Prompts
Sourcing	Who wrote this? What is the author's perspective? When was it written? Where was it written? Why was it written? Is it reliable? Why? Why not?	Identify the author's position on the historical event identify and evaluate the author's purpose in producing the document Hypothesize what the author will say before reading the document Evaluate the source's trustworthiness by considering genre, audience, and purpose	The author probably believes I think the audience is Based on the source information, I think the author might I do/don't trust this documen because
Contextualization	When and where was the document created? What was different then? What was the same? How might the circumstances in which the document was created affect its content?	Understand how context/ background information influences the content of the document Recognize that documents are products of particular points in time	Based on the background information, I understand this document differently because The author might have been influenced by (historical context) This document might not give me the whole picture because
Corroboration	What do other documents say? Do the documents agree? If not, why? What are other possible documents? What documents are most reliable?	Establish what is probable by comparing documents to each other Recognize disparities between accounts	The author agrees/disagrees with These documents all agree/disagree about Another document to consider might be
Close Reading	What claims does the author make? What evidence does the author use? What language (words, phrases, images, symbols) does the author use to persuade the document's audience? How does the document's language indicate the author's perspective?	Identify the author's claims about an event Evaluate the evidence and reasoning the author uses to support claims Evaluate author's word choice; understand that language is used deliberately	I think the author chose these words in order to The author is trying to convince me The author claims The evidence used to support the author's claims is



STANFORD HISTORY EDUCATION GROUP

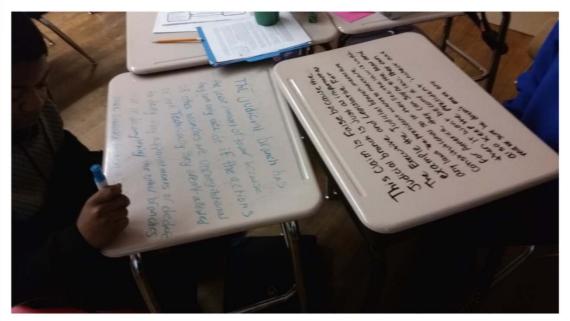
SHEG.STANFORD.EDU

Lunchroom Fight



A fight breaks out in the lunchroom and the needs to figure out who started it. But whe witnesses what they saw, she hears conflict Why might these accounts differ? As stude with this question, they will hone the ability conflicting claims, consider multiple perspe evaluate the reliability of sources. Not only lesson engage students, it helps to lay the historical thinking throughout the year.

Image: Girl Scout Building Lunchroom, New York City Schleisner, Inc. From the Library of Congress.





Report Card Achievement

	I course					2 courses				3 or > courses			
Building	<u>QI</u>	<u>Q2</u>	<u>Q3</u>	<u>Q4</u>	<u>QI</u>	<u>Q2</u>	<u>Q3</u>	<u>Q4</u>	<u>QI</u>	<u>Q2</u>	<u>Q3</u>	<u>Q4</u>	
Central Park Middle School (7 & 8 Grade)	138	121	116	94	88	75	64	70	80	117	91	93	
Mont Pleasant Middle School (7 & 8 Grade)	120		\	90	86		\	46	142		7	175	
Oneida Middle School (7 & 8 Grade)	99		5 dings	84	72	76	3 uildings 43	50	138		l dings	149	
Schenectady High School	457	408	393	252	245	268	276	203	611	856	891	872	
SCLA	33	37	20	10	30	22	32	П	100	118	121	125	

n= CNPK78 MTPL78 ONDA78 SCHS SCLA Total 487 466 432 1846 188

Number of Students (K-6) Below Achievement for Grade Level on Report Cards

(i.e. Working on key concepts, processes and skills that are below grade level expectations)

	l course					2 courses				3 or > courses			
Building	<u>QI</u>	<u>Q2</u>	<u>Q3</u>	<u>Q4</u>	<u>QI</u>	<u>Q2</u>	<u>Q3</u>	<u>Q4</u>	<u>QI</u>	<u>Q2</u>	<u>Q3</u>	<u>Q4</u>	
Hamilton	66	57	40	44	50	35	30	30	87	72	78	62	
Howe	34	40	45	44	27	17	26	25	53	57	45	42	
Keane	25	23	23	18	17	15	9	8	29	33	28	20	
Lincoln	51	67	56	44	43	30	23	23	72	79	64	51	
M. L. King	73	76	70	66	50	50	46	34	83	75	58	55	
Paige	71	<u> </u>	32	71	46		<u> </u>	38	92	8	*	70	
Pleasant Valley	85	İİ	5	70	41	1	3	30	64	5	10	74	
Van Corlaer	47	building	4	36	27	buil	dings	23	63	5 bu	ildings	37	
Woodlawn	47	50	48	43	26	32	24	19	59	52	43	43	
Yates	50	53	64	62	49	34	39	32	80	69	73	66	
Zoller	32	36	27	22	18	19	16	15	27	35	27	23	
Central Park (6th Grade)	32	23	30	17	16		5	8	12	15	13	12	
Mont Pleasant (6 th Grade)	38	22	33	37	30	19	14	13	31	33	25	35	
Oneida (6 th Grade)	32	28	44	43	28	26	17	13	36	33	26	30	

Report Card Action Plan



Spring 2017 – Elementary and Secondary Grading Committees

Grading and Reporting Guidelines Produced

Continue with Grading and Reporting Committees to examine Grading and Reporting Practices – produce the Do's and Don'ts of Grading and review the report cards to make sure they are reporting what we need them to be reporting



Graduation Rate





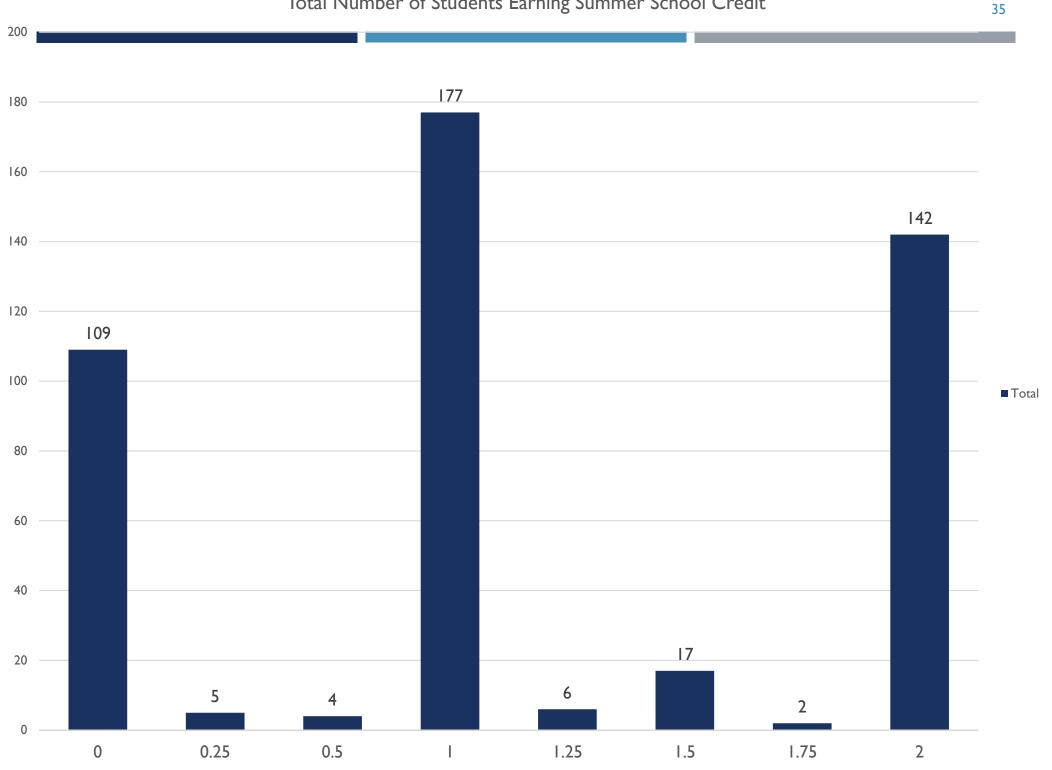


ACTION PLANS FOR GRADUATION

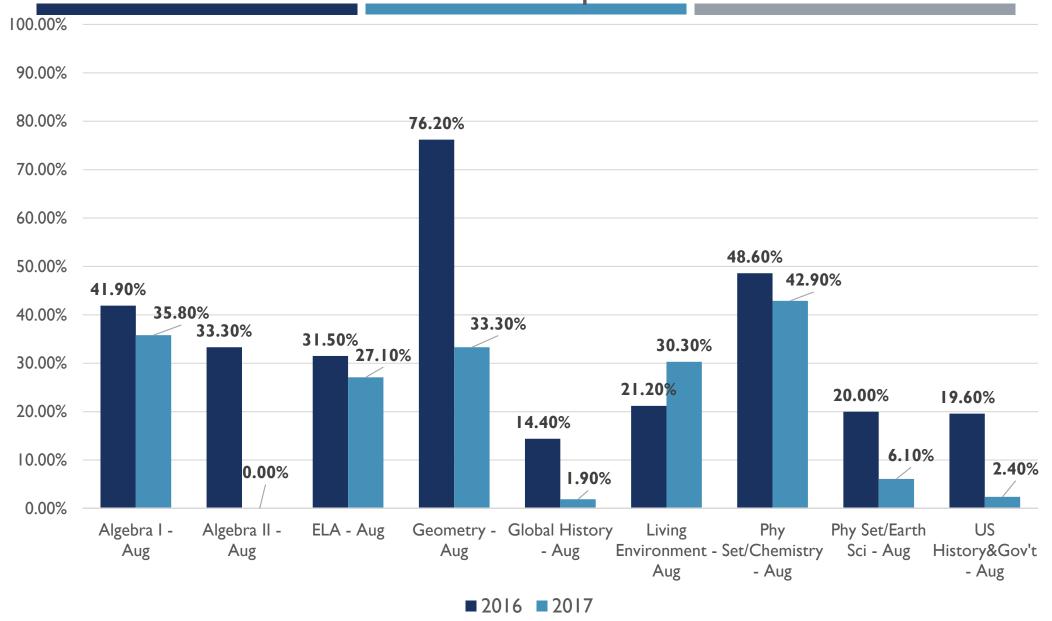
SUMMARY OF DATA



Summer School Achievement Data



Percent Proficient on August Regents by Content Area Year to Year Comparison



						Living			US History &
	Algebra I	Algebra II	ELA	Geometry	Global History	Environment	Chemistry	Earth Sci	Gov't
Total Tested		-							
2016	136	6	54	21	97	99	35	15	51
Total Tested									
2017	134		70	24	108	142	21	33	42

Summer School Action Plans



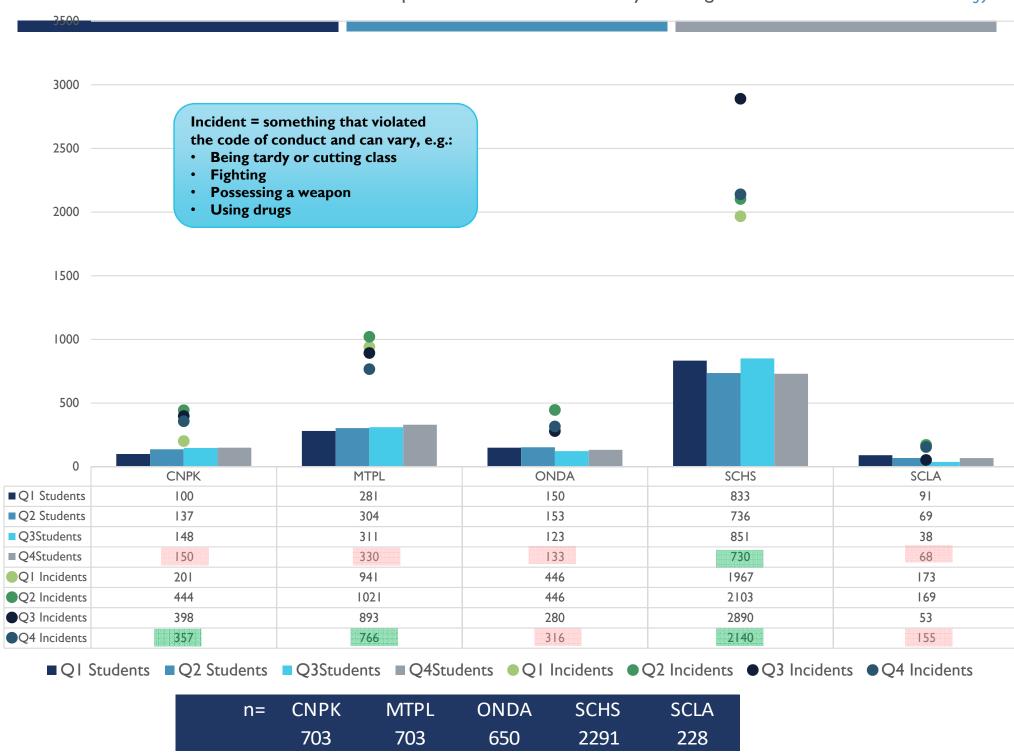


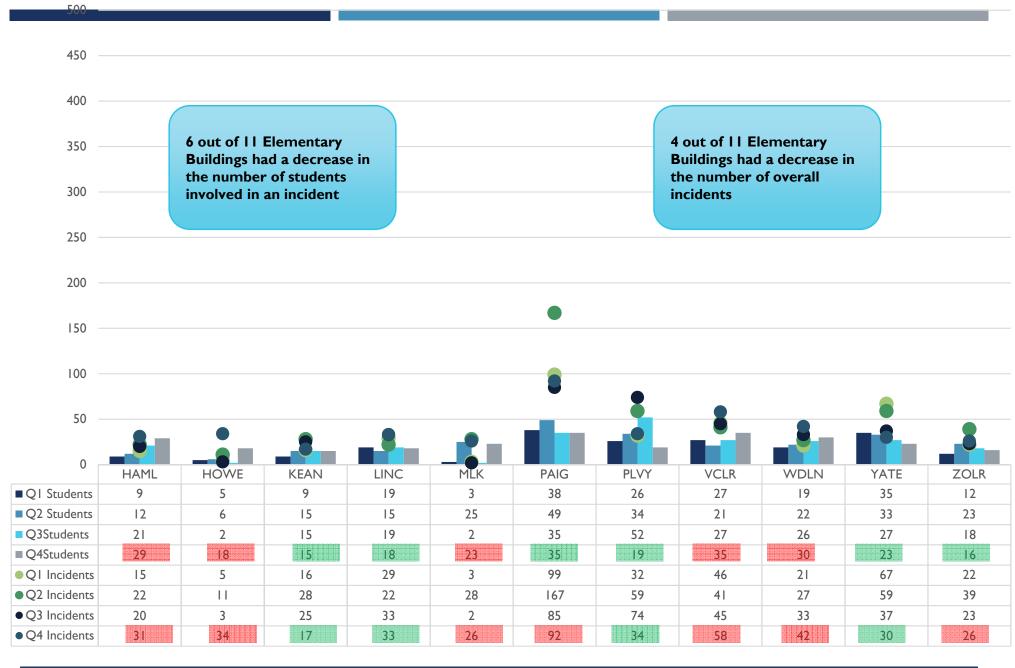


STUDENT BEHAVIOR DATA

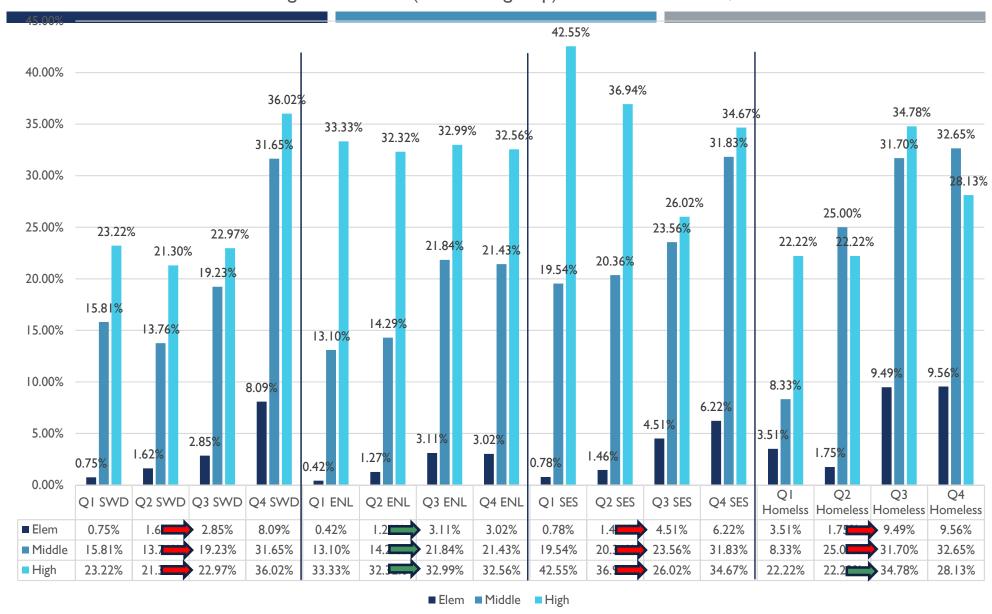
OFFICE OF THE SUPERINTENDENT



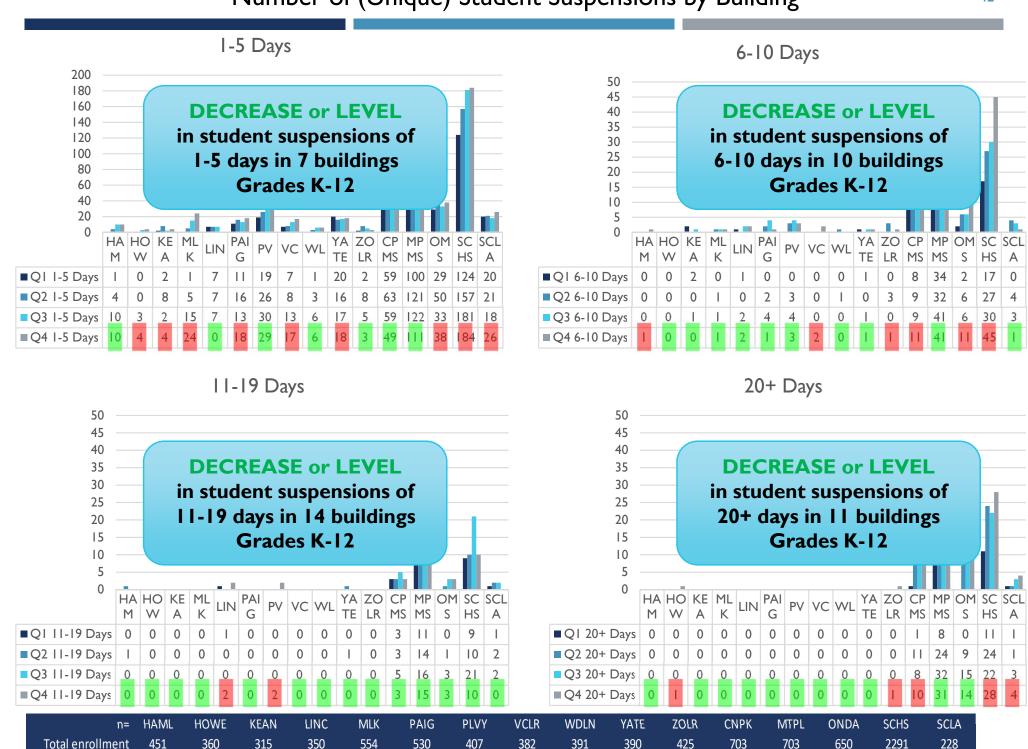




n=	HAML	HOWE	KEAN	LINC	MLK	PAIG	PLVY	VCLR	WDLN	YATE	ZOLR
	451	360	315	350	554	530	407	382	391	390	425



Total Enrollment by subgroup										
n=	SWD	ENL	SES	HOMELESS						
ELEM	717	265	3727	136						
HIGH	447	86	2048	32						
MIDDLE	455	84	1772	49						

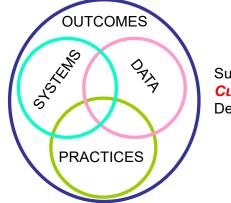


STUDENT BEHAVIOR ACTION PLANS



Supporting Important *Culturally Equitable* Academic & Social Behavior Competence

Supporting **Culturally Knowledgeable**Staff Behavior



Supporting **Culturally Valid**Decision Making

Supporting *Culturally Relevant*Evidence-based Interventions

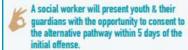


SCHENECTADY CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

SCHOOL BASED DIVERSION

A Model Pathway for At Risk Youth with Behavioral Health Needs

▲ Youth referred to a Superintendent's Hearing are given the opportunity to enter an alternative pathway that provides the opportunity to access mental and behavioral health services and potentially reduce the amount of time that they are removed from school. If after a discussion of this process (that includes a parent and/or guardian) this option is refused, students may choose to 'out in' later in the process.



Students who opt in to the alternative pathway will receive a full MAYSI screen (a screening for mental health tool to identify possible needs). If a youth is identified as having mental health needs by the MAYSI, they will be referred to a clinician for a clinical assessment. If the youth does not display mental health needs on the MAYSI, they will receive the YASI (risk, needs, and protective factors assessment) to inform case planning.

Students who are referred to a clinical assessment based on the MAYSI will receive diagnostic information and case/treatment plan recommendations from the clinician. Students who receive the YASI instead will receive case planning services from a school social worker. Either the clinician or the school social worker will match/refer the student to appropriate community-based services.

The Emergency Response Team (ERT) will create an agreement with the student that links compliance with recommended services to reduced time out-of-school. An extended

ERT will continue monitoring progress and determine when the youth is ready to return to school.



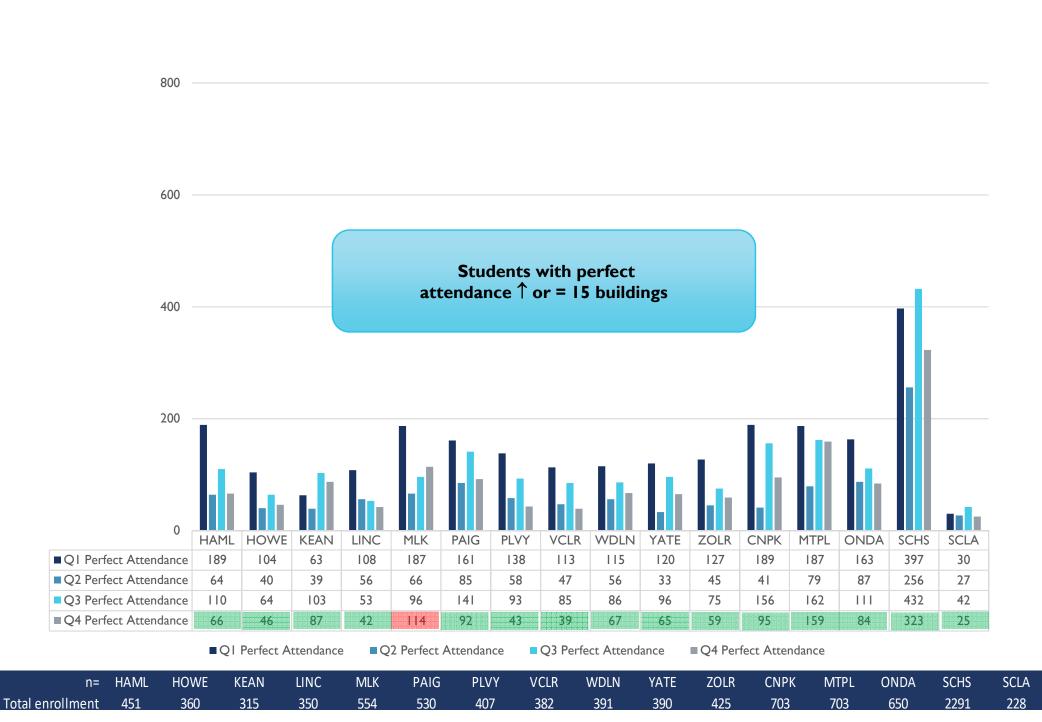
INCIDENT OCCURS

STUDENT ATTENDANCE DATA

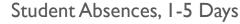
OFFICE OF PUPIL PERSONNEL SERVICES

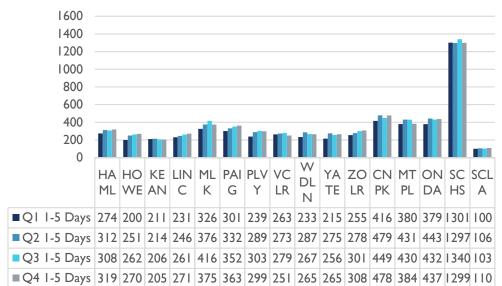




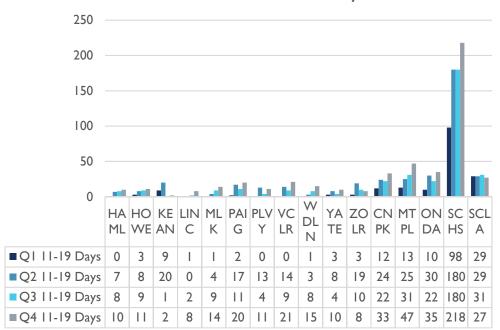




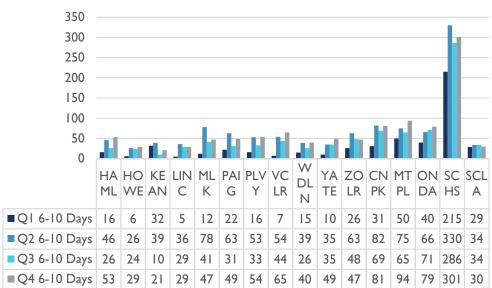




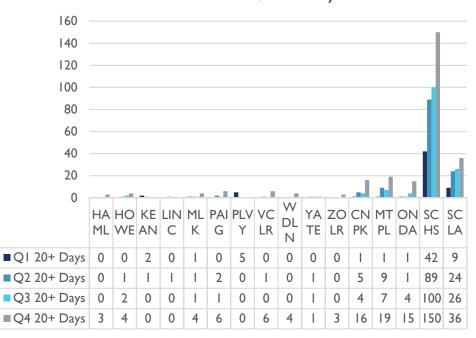
Student Absences, 11-19 Days

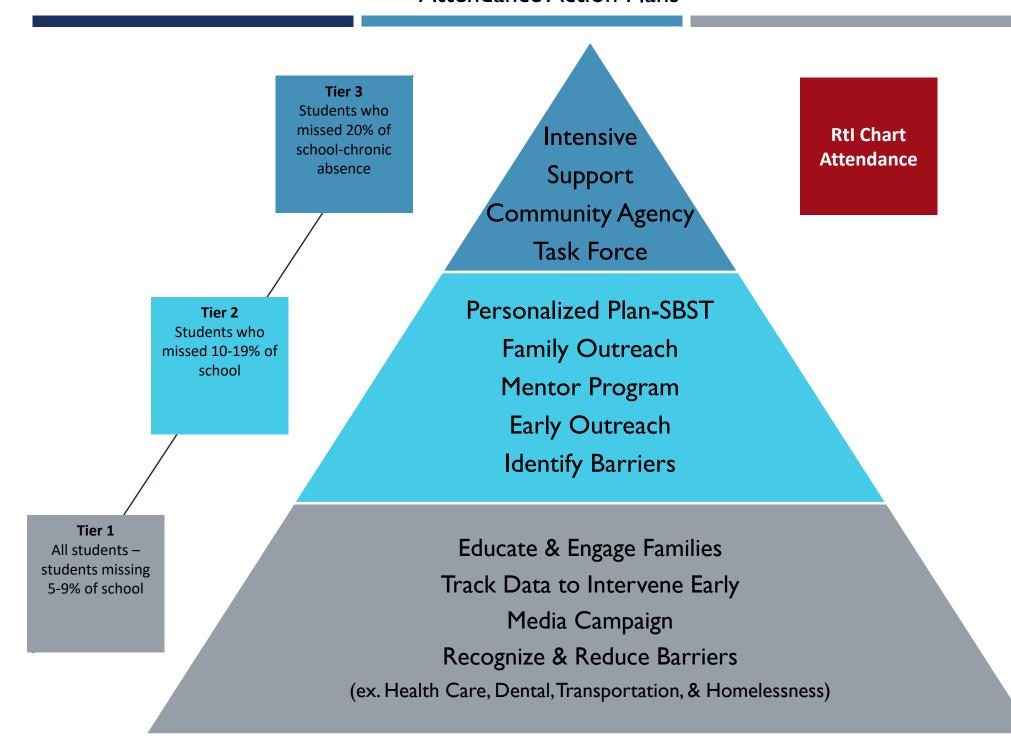


Student Absences, 6-10 Days



Student Absences, 20+ Days

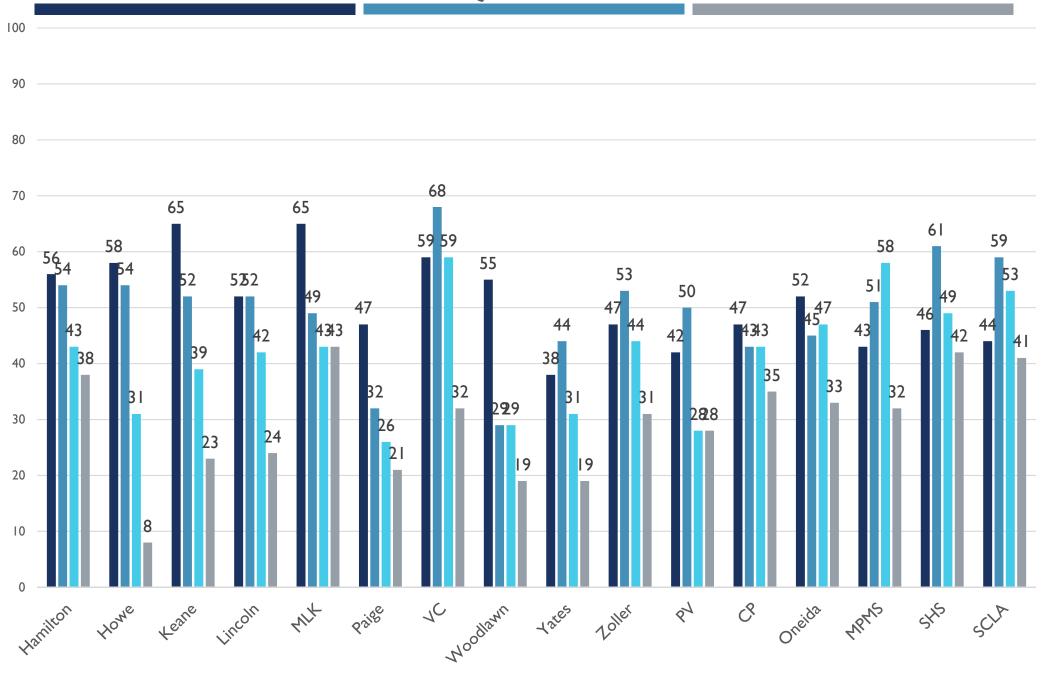




SCHENECTADY FEDERATION OF TEACHERS ATTENDANCE

OFFICE OF HUMAN RESOURCES





- ■% of SFT with less than 2 absences (9/7/2016 11/30/2016 ■% of SFT with less than 2 absences (12/1/16 1/27/17)
- ■% of SFT with less than 2 absences (1/28/17 4/6/17)
 ■% of SFT with less than 2 absences (4/7/17-6/23/17)